# Financial Statements (unaudited)

As at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

## **BALANCE SHEETS**

(unaudited)

	(in thousands of dollars)						
As at	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008					
ASSETS							
Current							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -					
Accounts receivable [note 10]	26,502	20,991					
Prepaid expenses and deposits	10,761	11,476					
Regulatory assets	1,468	516					
	38,731	32,983					
Property, plant and equipment [note 5]	1,623,639	1,223,606					
Contributions in advance of construction	53,743	39,751					
Operating and maintenance charges in advance	14,087	7,733					
Regulatory assets, long-term	3,659	2,797					
Accrued benefit pension asset	2,077	2,079					
Goodwill	202,066	202,066					
	\$ 1,938,002	\$ 1,511,015					
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' EQUITY							
Current							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities [note 10]	\$ 91,945	\$ 42,965					
Other liabilities	1,453	1,319					
Regulatory liabilities	13,663	6,759					
Current portion of long-term debt [note 6]	367 107,428	142 51,185					
Accrued ampleument hanglite liabilities							
Accrued employment benefits liabilities	2,911	2,442					
Other liabilities, long-term Contributions in advance of construction liability	3,147 53,743	3,242 39,751					
Operating and maintenance charges deferred revenue	14,087	7,733					
Regulatory liabilities, long-term	153,448	20,774					
Asset retirement obligations [note 4]	150,500	60,181					
Long-term debt [note 6]	881,158	818,388					
zong term descrinote of	1,366,422	1,003,696					
Contingencies [note 13]		<u> </u>					
Partners' equity							
Partners' capital	455,036	408,536					
Retained earnings	116,544	98,783					
	571,580 \$ 1,938,002	507,319 \$ 1,511,015					
	\$ 1,938,002	\$ 1,511,015					
See accompanying notes to the financial statements							
Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors							
Director	Director						
Director	Director						

## STATEMENTS OF INCOME, COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

(unaudited)

(in thousands of dollars)

	(in thousands of dollars)							
		ee months	Three months		Nir	ne months	Niı	ne months
		ended		ended		ended	ended	
	Sept	ember 30,	Sept	ember 30,	Sep	tember 30,	September 30	
		2009		2008		2009		2008
REVENUE								
Transmission tariff	\$	53,559	\$	54,283	\$	166,113	\$	163,329
Miscellaneous revenue		5,533		2,150		10,685		6,881
Allowance for equity funds used during								
construction		1,475		1,185		4,471		3,555
		60,567		57,618		181,269		173,765
EXPENSES								
Operating		17,655		14,702		53,183		47,168
Property taxes		4,410		4,276		13,072		12,802
Depreciation and accretion		19,297		18,090		57,270		53,588
		41,362		37,068		123,525		113,558
		19,205		20,550		57,744		60,207
Interest and amortization of deferred financing fees								
[note 6]		(11,417)		(11,154)		(32,467)		(32,908)
Allowance for debt funds used during construction		1,900		1,570		5,792		4,712
		9,688		10,966		31,069		32,011
Gains on disposals of assets		138		54		3,792		222
Net and comprehensive income for the period	\$	9,826	\$	11,020	\$	34,861	\$	32,233
			·					
Retained earnings, beginning of period	\$	112,418	\$	90,368	\$	98,783	\$	80,055
Distributions		(5,700)		(5,500)		(17,100)		(16,400)
Net income for the period		9,826		11,020		34,861		32,233
Retained earnings, end of period	\$	116,544	\$	95,888	\$	116,544	\$	95,888

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS' EQUITY

(unaudited)

(in thousands)

	Units	Limited Partner	General Partner	Total
Balance at December 31, 2007	331,904	\$ 488,549	\$ 42	\$ 488,591
Net income for the year	_	40,724	4	40,728
Distributions	_	(21,998)	(2)	(22,000)
Balance at December 31, 2008	331,904	\$ 507,275	\$ 44	\$ 507,319
Net income for the period	_	34,858	3	34,861
Distributions	_	(17,098)	(2)	(17,100)
Equity investment	_	46,500	_	46,500
Balance at September 30, 2009	331,904	\$ 571,535	\$ 45	\$ 571,580

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

## **STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(unaudited)

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	(in thousands of dollars)						
	Three months		Nine months	Nine months			
	ended	ended	ended	ended			
	September 30		September 30,	September 30,			
	2009	2008	2009	2008			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Net income for the period	\$ 9,826	\$ 11,020	\$ 34,861	\$ 32,233			
Items not involving cash							
Depreciation	17,082	17,349	50,683	51,366			
Amortization of deferred financing fees	403	378	1,195	1,310			
Accretion expense	2,215	741	6,587	2,222			
Allowance for funds used during construction	(3,375)	(2,755)	(10,263)	(8,267)			
Gains on disposals of assets	(138)	(54)	(3,792)	(222)			
Change in other non-cash items	326	735	377	1,030			
Asset retirement obligations settled	(541)	(335)	(955)	(749)			
Change in regulatory assets and liabilities	112	385	19	(585)			
Funds generated from operations	25,910	27,464	78,712	78,338			
Change in non-cash working capital items related							
to operations	11,224	5,159	6,064	31,095			
Cash provided by operating activities	37,134	32,623	84,776	109,433			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Capital expenditures	(81,973)	(30,707)	(193,852)	(108,206)			
Use of customer contributions	4,480	689	13,670	12,481			
Proceeds from the sale of assets	138	74	3,841	245			
Cash used in investing activities	(77,355)	(29,944)	(176,341)	(95,480)			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Issuance of senior debt	(216)	_	102,648	100,070			
Repayment of senior debt	` _	_	(65)	(100,067)			
(Decrease) increase in commercial paper and bank			(,	(, ,			
credit	42,178	2,816	(39,744)	2,433			
Distributions to partners	(5,700)	•	(17,100)	(16,400)			
Equity investment received	4,000	_	46,500	_			
Net change in other financing activities [note 11]	(41)	5	(674)	11			
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	40,221	(2,679)	91,565	(13,953)			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	_		_	_			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	_	_	_	_			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ -	\$ —	\$ —	\$ -			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<del>-</del>		<u> </u>				
Cash interest paid during the period	\$ 5,948	\$ 7,137	\$ 28,636	\$ 28,268			

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

AltaLink, L.P. (the Partnership or AltaLink) was formed under the laws of the Province of Alberta in Canada on July 3, 2001, and is managed by AltaLink Management Ltd. (the General Partner). The Partnership's registered office is located at 2611-3<sup>rd</sup> Avenue SE, Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2A 7W7. The Partnership has one limited partner, AltaLink Investments, L.P. The Partnership was formed to own and operate regulated transmission assets in Alberta. Although the General Partner holds legal title to the assets, the Partnership is the beneficial owner and assumes all risks and rewards of the assets.

Under the current ownership structure, SNC-Lavalin Inc. indirectly owns 76.915% of AltaLink, L.P. through subsidiaries, and Macquarie Transmission Alberta Ltd. owns a 23.075% limited partnership interest.

During the periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Partnership operated in one primary reportable geographical and business segment, the ownership and operation of regulated electricity transmission facilities in the Province of Alberta. For the period ended September 30, 2009, approximately 94% (September 30, 2008 – 96%) of the Partnership's revenue (*Transmission tariff* and *Allowance for equity funds used during construction*) is attributable to the Alberta Electric System Operator (AESO).

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Partnership's management has prepared the interim financial statements of AltaLink, L.P. in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008, except for the changes in accounting policies cited in Note 3, upon the initial adoption of new accounting standards. These interim financial statements do not include all of the disclosures required in annual financial statements.

Accordingly, these interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Partnership's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2009.

The interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on October 30, 2009.

#### 3. CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Changes affecting the current and comparative period financial statements

#### a) Capital disclosures

As described in note 8, effective January 1, 2008, the Partnership adopted CICA Handbook Section 1535, *Capital Disclosures*. This section requires the Partnership to disclose AltaLink's capital structure, description of and compliance with externally imposed capital requirements and the Partnership's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital.

#### b) Inventories

Effective January 1, 2008, the Partnership adopted the CICA Handbook Section 3031, *Inventories* for measurement and disclosure of inventories. The standard provides guidance on the determination of cost and its subsequent recognition as an expense, including any write-downs to net realizable value, and on cost formulas used to assign costs to inventories. The standard also indicated that spare parts may be included in property, plant and equipment if they met certain criteria in line with the provisions of the standard. As a result of reviewing its inventory, the Partnership reclassified all of its materials and supplies and construction materials and supplies (September 30, 2009 - \$16.5 million; December 31, 2008 -\$13.2 million) to property, plant and equipment.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 3. CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONT'D]

Changes affecting the current and comparative period financial statements (cont'd)

#### c) Goodwill and intangible assets

In February 2008, the CICA issued Section 3064, Goodwill and intangible assets, replacing Section 3062, Goodwill and other intangible assets and Section 3450, Research and development costs. Various changes have been made to other sections of the CICA Handbook for consistency purposes. Effective January 1, 2009, the Partnership adopted the new standards for its fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. Section 3064 establishes standards for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of goodwill subsequent to its initial recognition and of intangible assets by profit-oriented enterprises. Standards concerning goodwill are unchanged from the standards included in the previous Section 3062, and as a result, there is no impact on the Partnership's financial statements.

#### d) Accounting for rate regulated operations

Beginning on January 1, 2009, Section 1100 of the CICA Handbook, *Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* was amended to remove a temporary exemption pertaining to the recognition of assets and liabilities arising from rate regulation. In addition, effective the same date, Section 3465 of the CICA Handbook, *Income Taxes* was also amended. There are no changes to the Partnership's financial statements other than the prospective reclassification at January 1, 2009 of \$145.4 million from property, plant and equipment to the provision for future removal and site restoration which is included in regulatory liabilities on the balance sheet. There is no impact on the Partnership's net income as a result of this change.

#### 4. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

As of September 30, 2009 the estimated total undiscounted amount of asset retirement obligations was approximately \$438.2 million (December 31, 2008 - \$130.7 million). The obligations will be settled over the useful lives of the assets, with the majority of the retirements estimated to occur between 2009 and 2049. Discount rates, adjusted for credit risks and inflation factors, ranging from 4.13% to 7.46% were used to calculate the carrying value of the asset retirement obligations. The depreciation rates included in the regulatory revenue requirements include an amount to enable the Partnership to cover the costs of present and future asset retirement obligations. As depreciation expense is recovered through the General Tariff Application (GTA) process, there is no net income effect on the Partnership's financial statements.

During the second quarter of 2009, the Partnership updated its estimate of costs resulting in an increase in the discounted asset retirement obligations of \$86.6 million. The change is mainly the result of an increase in labour costs, which were determined by an independent third party.

	At September 30, 2009	At December 31, 2008
(in thousands of dollars)		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 60,181	\$ 57,954
Net change in estimate of obligations	84,687	1,915
Liabilities settled in the period	(955)	(2,651)
Accretion expense	6,587	2,963
Balance, end of period	\$ 150,500	\$ 60,181

### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 5. PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

		At September 30, 2009			At December 31, 2008				
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Accumulated Cost depreciation		Net book value			
(in thousands of dollars)									
Transmission network	\$ 1,412,267	\$ (225,859)	\$ 1,186,408	\$ 1,367,392	\$ (329,836)	\$ 1,037,556			
500kV project costs	38,652	(1,761)	36,891	38,652	(1,343)	37,309			
Assets under construction	289,506	_	289,506	112,978	_	112,978			
Long-lived asset <sup>1</sup>	128,712	(34,402)	94,310	45,185	(22,592)	22,593			
Spare parts	16,524	_	16,524	13,170	_	13,170			
	\$ 1,885,661	\$ (262,022)	<b>\$</b> 1,623,639	\$ 1,577,377	\$ (353,771)	\$ 1,223,606			

<sup>1.</sup> Long-lived asset is an offset to the Asset Retirement Obligations.

The total amount of allowance for funds used during construction for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$10.263 million (\$8.267 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008) and \$3.375 million for the third quarter of 2009 (\$2.755 million for the third quarter of 2008).

#### Subsequent Event (see note 14)

On October 2, 2009, the AUC issued Decision 2009 – 151 regarding the Partnership's GTA for 2009 and 2010. In that decision, the AUC directed the Partnership to recover \$35.0 million of costs related to the Genesee to Langdon 500kV project from the AESO and to include the balance of the costs in the 2009-2010 revenue requirements. Prior to the decision, the Partnership had capitalised \$38.7 million of costs in property, plant and equipment effective December 31, 2007, consistent with the Partnership's regulatory applications and filings.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 6. DEBT

	Effective interest rate	Maturing	At September 30, 2009	At December 31, 2008
(in thousands of dollars)				2 0001111201 02, 2000
Senior Debt				
Series 03-2, 5.430%	5.804%	2013	\$ 325,631	\$ 325,701
Series 2006-1, 5.249%	5.299%	2036	150,000	150,000
Series 2008-1, 5.243%	5.322%	2018	100,000	100,000
Series 2008-1 (additional issue), 5.243%	5.328%	2018	102,468	_
			678,099	575,701
Series 3, subordinated 8.000% [note 10]	8.020%	2012	85,000	85,000
Commercial paper	0.501%	2012	124,456	26,951
Bank credit facilities	N/A	2012	671	137,735
			888,226	825,387
Less: Deferred financing fees				
Series 03-2, 5.430%			4,045	4,769
Series 2006-1, 5.249%			1,073	1,086
Series 2008-1, 5.243%			898	891
Series 3, 8.000%			45	55
Series 2008-1 (additional issue), 5.243%			640	56
			6,701	6,857
Total debt, net of deferred financing fees			881,525	818,530
Less: current portion of long-term portion of				
debt			367	142
Total long-term debt			\$ 881,158	\$ 818,388

The Partnership intends to hold all of its long-term debt to maturity.

On May 16, 2008, the Partnership filed a short form base shelf prospectus to facilitate the issuance of medium-term notes. This shelf prospectus has a 25 month life and permits the Partnership to issue up to an aggregate of \$800.0 million of secured, medium-term notes. On May 14, 2009, \$100.0 million of additional Series 2008-1 medium-term notes were issued under the shelf prospectus and the proceeds were used to repay outstanding commercial paper and fund the capital expenditure program. The Series 2008-1 notes are senior secured obligations of the Partnership. Collateral for the secured debt obligations consist of a first floating charge security interest on the Partnership's present and future assets. The notes were issued at a premium of \$2.6 million which has increased the short-term portion of long-term debt by \$0.3 million. The premium will be amortized over the term of the related debt.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 6. DEBT [CONT'D]

#### a) Capital markets platform

The Partnership has developed a financing structure referred to as the "Capital Markets Platform" to finance the operation, maintenance and development of its assets. This structure is capable of accommodating a variety of debt instruments and borrowings, including term bank debt, revolving bank lines of credit, publicly-issued and privately-placed term debt securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper and medium-term notes.

The Partnership has entered into a Master Trust Indenture (MTI) dated April 28, 2003 between the Partnership, the General Partner and BNY Trust Company of Canada, as trustee. The MTI establishes a set of common covenants by the Partnership for the benefit of all of its lenders under the Capital Markets Platform. All indebtedness of the Partnership is intended to be governed under the Capital Markets Platform where, among other things, the ranking and security (if any) of the various debt instruments are determined. The Partnership is not permitted to borrow other than under the Capital Markets Platform, except in certain limited circumstances and, in any event, not in excess of an aggregate of \$20.0 million. One of the principal covenants is that AltaLink cannot become liable for any indebtedness, unless the aggregate amount of all indebtedness does not exceed 75% of the total capitalization. Indebtedness primarily includes short-term and long-term debt adjusted for deferred financing fees. Total capital is calculated as equity plus indebtedness.

Under the MTI, the Partnership may issue two categories of debt, namely (i) senior debt and (ii) subordinated debt. Bonds may be issued as either "Obligation Bonds" (to directly evidence the indebtedness of the Partnership to the holder of such debt) or as "Pledged Bonds" (to be held by the holder as collateral security for the indebtedness specified in the related instrument of pledge). The specific terms and conditions of each series of bonds under the Capital Markets Platform are set forth in the series supplement authorizing the series. It is expected that publicly-issued and privately-placed bonds will be in the form of Obligation Bonds, whereas all other indebtedness of the Partnership under the Capital Markets Platform will be supported by Pledged Bonds.

The Partnership has secured the obligations relating to the Series 03-2 Senior Bonds, Series 3 Subordinated Bonds, Series 2006-1 Medium-term Notes, Series 2008-1 Medium-term Notes and its credit facilities. Collateral for the secured debt obligations consists of a first floating charge security interest on the Partnership's assets. The Series 03-2 Senior Bonds, Series 2006-1 Medium-term Notes, Series 2008-1 Medium-term Notes and the credit facilities rank equally with each other and all future senior secured indebtedness that is issued by the Partnership.

#### Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing fees

	Three months ended September 30, 2009	Three months ended September 30, 2008	Nine months ended September 30, 2009	Nine months ended September 30, 2008
(in thousands of dollars)				
Deferred financing fees amortized Interest on debt	\$ 403 11,014	\$ 378 10,776	\$ 1,195 31,272	\$ 1,310 31,598
Total interest and amortization of deferred financing fees on debt Less: interest on short-term debt	11,417	11,154 —	32,467 —	32,908 —
Interest and amortization of deferred financing fees related to long-term debt	\$ 11,417	\$ 11,154	\$ 32,467	\$ 32,908

## Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### a) Fair value of financial instruments

The Partnership has made the following classifications:

Financial Instrument	Designated Category	Measurement Basis	Associated Risks	Fair Value at September 30, 2009
Cash and cash equivalents	Held for trading	Fair value	<ul><li>Market</li><li>Credit</li><li>Liquidity</li></ul>	Approximates fair value due to short-term nature
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables	Initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost	Credit     Liquidity	Approximates fair value due to short-term nature
Regulatory assets, short- term and long-term	Loans and receivables	Initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost	Credit     Liquidity	Approximates fair value due to nature of asset <sup>4</sup>
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Other liabilities	Initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost	Liquidity	Approximates fair value due to short-term nature
Regulatory liabilities, short-term and long-term	Other liabilities	Initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost	• Liquidity	Approximates fair value due to nature of liability <sup>4</sup>
Long-term debt	Other liabilities	Initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost	Market     Liquidity	\$906.9 million <sup>1</sup>
Contributions in advance of construction	Held for trading	Fair value	<ul><li>Market</li><li>Credit</li><li>Liquidity</li></ul>	Approximates fair value due to the nature of the asset <sup>2</sup>
Contributions in advance of construction liability	Other liabilities	Initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost	Liquidity	Approximates fair value due to the nature of the liability <sup>2</sup>
Operating and maintenance charges in advance	Held for trading	Fair value	<ul><li>Market</li><li>Credit</li><li>Liquidity</li></ul>	Approximates fair value due to the nature of the asset <sup>3</sup>
Operating and maintenance charges deferred revenue	Other liabilities	Initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost	Liquidity	Approximates fair value due to the nature of the liability <sup>3</sup>

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS [CONT'D]

#### a) Fair value of financial instruments (cont'd)

- Fair values are determined using quoted market prices for the same or similar issues. Where market prices are not
  available, fair values are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis based on the Partnership's current borrowing
  rate for similar borrowing arrangements.
- Contributions in advance of construction are held in short-term investments, the carrying values of which do not
  differ materially from the fair values. Contributions in advance of construction earned an effective interest rate of
  0.27% at September 30, 2009 (December 31, 2008 1.49%). Interest received is accumulated throughout the year
  and paid annually to the AESO.
- 3. Operating and maintenance charges in advance are held in short-term investments, the carrying values of which do not differ materially from the fair values. Operating and maintenance charges in advance earned an effective interest rate of 0.27% at September 30, 2009 (December 31, 2008 1.49%).
- 4. Regulatory assets and liabilities are amounts collected in advance or under collected in the revenue requirement which are settled either through a GTA or a separate filing. These amounts have typically been settled at or close to management's estimate.

The Partnership currently does not utilize hedges or other derivative financial instruments in its operations.

#### b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument and cause the Partnership to incur a financial loss. There is exposure to credit risk on all financial assets included in the balance sheet. To help manage this risk:

- The Partnership has a policy for establishing credit limits;
- Collateral may be required where appropriate; and
- Exposure to individual entities is managed through a system of credit limits.

The Partnership has a concentration of credit risk as approximately 74% of its accounts receivable balance is due from the AESO (December 31, 2008 – 95%). On September 30, 2009, a further 15% of accounts receivable was due from an investment grade regulated utility. For the nine months and the quarter ended September 30, 2009, transmission tariff revenues accounted for approximately 92% (for the nine months and quarter ended September 30, 2008 – 94%) of operating revenues. The remainder was comprised mainly of revenue from tower and land leases and the provision of services to other utilities.

The AESO is the Independent System Operator established as a statutory corporation under the Electric Utilities Act of the Province of Alberta, whose board members are appointed by the Alberta Minister of Energy. The remainder of the receivables are mostly from investment grade entities.

To this date, the balance in the Partnership's allowance for doubtful accounts has been zero. As of September 30, 2009, over 99% of receivables have been outstanding for less than 30 days (December 31, 2008 – 99%).

The Partnership's maximum exposure to credit risk as at September 30, 2009, without taking into account collateral held, is represented by the current carrying value of accounts receivable, contributions in advance of construction, operating and maintenance charges in advance and regulatory assets as disclosed in these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS [CONT'D]

#### c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Components of market risk to which the Partnership is exposed are discussed below.

#### i) Interest Rate Risk

All of the long-term debt issues, listed in the table in note 6, have been approved by the AUC before the debt was issued. Approximately 90% of the long-term debt has been approved by the AUC as regulatory debt, and the approved costs are fully recoverable in rates. As a result, the Partnership is not exposed to interest rate risk with respect to the cost of the approved component of long-term debt. The Partnership may be exposed to interest rate price risk for future debt issues as interest rates on new long-term debt issues are examined as part of the normal course of business of future general tariff applications.

The non-regulated components of the long-term debt have been issued at floating and fixed rates, maturing in 2012 and 2013, and the Partnership may be exposed to interest rate price risk upon renewal.

The Partnership's commercial paper, bankers' acceptances and bank loans have variable interest rates and, accordingly, expose the Partnership to interest rate cash flow risk through fluctuations in the variable interest rates.

To help manage interest rate risk, the Partnership controls the proportion of fixed and variable rate positions in accordance with target levels; ensures access to diverse sources of funding; and, reduces refinancing risk by establishing and managing in accordance with target maturity profiles, which means managing the maturity dates of its debt obligations so they do not all mature at the same time.

The Partnership's commercial paper, bankers' acceptances and bank loans are not subject to deferral account treatment. The Partnership forecasts the interest rate on its commercial paper, bankers' acceptances and bank loans in the GTA and is subject to interest rate risk. As at September 30, 2009, the Partnership had \$124.5 million of commercial paper outstanding at an average rate of 0.50%. A 10% increase in short-term interest rates (5 basis points) would produce an increase in interest expense and reduction in net income for the quarter of \$0.02 million.

#### ii) Foreign Exchange Risk

The Partnership does not have a significant exposure to foreign exchange risk.

#### d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of the Partnership's operational liquidity requirements:

- It will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction on the due date;
- It will be forced to sell financial assets at a value which is less than what they are worth; and
- It may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset at all.

To manage this risk, the Partnership has readily accessible standby credit facilities and other funding arrangements in place; generally uses financial instruments that are tradeable in highly liquid markets; and, has a liquidity portfolio structure that requires surplus funds to be invested in highly liquid financial instruments.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 8. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Partnership's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for partners and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital for customers and other stakeholders. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Partnership may adjust the amount of distributions paid to partners, return capital to partners or request new contributions from partners.

#### Summary of capital structure

	At September	30, 2009	At December	r 31, 2008
	(millions)	%	(millions)	%
Total debt <sup>1</sup>	\$ 888.2	60.8	\$ 825.4	61.9
Partners' equity	571.6	39.2	507.3	38.1
Total	\$ 1,459.8	100.0	\$ 1,332.7	100.0

<sup>1.</sup> The September 30, 2009 balance does not include deferred financing fees of \$6.7 million (December 31, 2008 - \$6.9 million)

In managing its capital, the Partnership includes partners' equity, short-term debt, long-term debt, and cash and cash equivalents in the definition of capital.

As at September 30, 2009, the Partnership has externally imposed capital requirements by virtue of the Master Trust Indenture and the bank credit facilities described in note 6 to which it is subject, that limit the amount of debt that can be incurred relative to equity. The Partnership was in compliance with these externally imposed capital requirements as at September 30, 2009.

#### 9. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

	Three months ended September 30, 2009		Three months ended September 30, 2008		Nine months ended September 30, 2009		Nine months ende September 30 2008	
(in thousands of dollars)								
Pension and other post-employment benefit expense consists of:								
Other post-employment benefits	\$	159	\$	142	\$	400	\$	427
Supplemental pension expense		37		17		71		50
	\$	196	\$	159	\$	471	\$	477

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In 2002, the Partnership executed a ten-year contract with SNC-Lavalin Inc., for the provision of engineering, procurement and construction management services for directly assigned capital projects undertaken by the Partnership. These services have been provided to the Partnership on behalf of SNC-Lavalin Inc. by its subsidiary, SNC-Lavalin ATP Inc. (SNC-ATP). The terms and conditions of this contract were reviewed by the AUC in Decision 2003-061 and subsequent decisions. The terms and conditions continue to be subject to regulatory oversight, including review by the AUC Audit and Compliance Group.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Partnership paid SNC-ATP \$107.9 million for construction related services, which are capitalized in various projects, compared to \$38.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 (\$59.6 million for the third quarter of 2009 compared to \$10.2 million for the third quarter of 2008).

Amounts due from (to) related parties included in accounts receivable and accounts payable are:

	At September 30, 2009	At December 31, 2008 Amount owed (to)/from related parties		
(in thousands of dollars)	Amount owed (to)/from related parties			
AltaLink Management Ltd. SNC-Lavalin ATP Inc. AltaLink Investments, L.P.	\$ (4,505) (54,515) (1,136)	\$ (4,873) (17,231) (1,092)		
AltaLink Investment Management Ltd. AltaLink Holdings, L.P.	_ _	4 224		

#### 11. NET CHANGE IN OTHER FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	Three months ended September 30, 2009		Three months ended September 30, 2008		Nine months ended September 30, 2009		Nine months ended September 30, 2008	
(in thousands of dollars)								
Settlement of deferred financing fees Increase in contributions in advance of construction	\$	(41) 5,049	\$	5 (9,084)	\$	(674) (13,992)	\$	(764) (3,092)
Increase in contributions in advance of construction liability	(5,049)			9,084	13,992			3,867
Increase in operating and maintenance charges in advance	(1,495)			(2,343)	(6,353)			(3,996)
Increase in operating and maintenance charges deferred revenue		1,495		2,343		6,353		3,996
	\$	(41)	\$	5	\$	(674)	\$	11

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

(unaudited)

#### 12. REGULATORY DECISIONS

The effects of the following AUC decisions have been reflected in these financial statements:

#### a) Interim Tariff for 2009

On December 9, 2008, the Partnership received Decision 2008-129 approving an interim tariff effective January 1, 2009, representing a 3% increase over the 2008 tariff.

#### b) 2004-06 Deferral Accounts

Decision 2008-076 was issued on August 26, 2008 confirming full recovery of the Direct Assign Capital Deferral account for May 2004 through December 2006 and the disposition of other deferral accounts. On January 30, 2009, the Partnership was directed to settle the related regulatory assets and liabilities with the AESO in the amount of \$1.4 million, which was paid on February 17, 2009.

#### **13. CONTINGENCIES**

In Decision 2007-012, the AUC had directed the Partnership, effective January 1, 2009 to begin using the flow-through (i.e. current taxes payable) method for determining deemed federal and provincial income tax expenses to be included in its revenue requirement. The AUC also indicated that a determination with respect to the accumulated but unpaid future income tax amounts as at December 31, 2008 would have to be made. In Decision 2009-151 issued on October 2, 2009, the AUC approved the Partnership's proposal to continue using the future income tax method for 2009 and 2010 and indicated that it will review the matter again at the time of the next GTA. As a result, there is no impact on the Partnership's financial statements.

In addition, from time to time, the Partnership is subject to other legal proceedings, assessments and claims in the ordinary course of business. The Partnership was served with an action on June 5, 2009 alleging that the Plaintiff and the Partnership had concluded a binding agreement for the sale to the Plaintiff of certain lands. At this time, in the opinion of management, none of these matters is reasonably expected to result in a material adverse effect on the Partnership's financial position.

#### 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On October 2, 2009, the AUC issued Decision 2009 – 151 regarding the Partnership's GTA for 2009 and 2010. The AUC has directed the Partnership to submit a compliance filing to give effect to various directives contained in this decision following the AUC's future decision on the Generic Cost of Capital (GCOC) proceeding. At this time, the AUC has not issued its GCOC decision. The Partnership has not determined the impact of the GTA decision on its financial position and has not reflected the impact of Decision 2009 – 151 in these financial statements.

#### **15. COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.